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Literature review of Ayurvedic concept of Mutrashmari w. s. r. to renal calculus.

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ABSTRACT:

Shalyatantra includes diseases of "Mutravahastrosa Rogas" is that diseases of the urinary tract like "Mutrashmari". Shalyatantra also "Mutrasmari" described its Samprapti which is pathogenesis and treatment. By our Acharya, there are various types of treatment advice in our manuscripts. In cases like the disease, "Mutrashmari" perfect diagnosis is important because after proper diagnosis we can start proper ayurvedic treatment so we want to study "Mutrashmari" briefly by Ayurvedic aspect. We must to aware people of serious disorders like "Mutrashmari" and help them with lifestyle modification for the prevention of this disease "Mutravahastrosa" so we need to study "Mutrashmari".

Keywords: Mutrashmari, Mutravahastrosa, Urinary Calculi

Introduction

Ayurveda is ancient science of lifestyle and its prestige of India. There are many diseases comes under the title of Mutrakricchra. Mutraghata, Mutrashmari etc. Mutrashmari is one of the most commonest diseases under urinary disorders. Acharya sushruta – the father of surgery has described widely and by various aspect about Mutrashmari with its classification, appearance, etio-pathology, complications and its management of Mutrashmari. This is the evidence of the superiority of knowledge Acharyas on the subject of urinary disorders.

AIM AND OBJECTIVES:

- 1) To study the concept of "Mutrashmari".
- 2) To study management of "Mutrashmari" as modern and Ayurveda.

MATERIAL-METHOD:

- 1) For this study we referred Shushruta samhita for various references of *Mutrashmari*
- 2) Related modern text books also referred for modern references

REVIEW OF LITERATURE:

Disease definition:

As per *Amarakosha Ashmari* word is derived from "*Ashma*" means Stone and *Mutrashmari* is also as hard as stone.

Nidan of Mutrashmari:

As per *Acharya Sushruta*, person who didn't done any *Samshodhana* or doing *Apathya* that is not follow any proper dietary, lifestyle this person may suffer from *Mutrashmari*. ¹

As per *acharya Charaka* they not explained separate topic of *Mutrashmari* as per them its comes under topic "Mutrkruchha" so wecan consider Nidana of *Mutrashmari* are same as *Mutrakruchha* as follows²,

- 1. Ruksha madyapana
- 2. Large intake of Anupa mansa
- 3. Adhyashana
- 4. Ajeerna bhojana
- 5. Matsya sevana- excessive intake of fish

Samprati³:

As per *acharya Sushruta samprati* of *Mutrashmari* as follows, Due to hetusevana normal Kapha dosha in body get abnormal, this Kaphadosha mixed with Urine and entered in to Basti that is in Urinary bladder and *Mutrashmari* occurs.

Hetu sewan



Kapha dosha Prakop



Prakupita dosha Mixed with Urine and entered in to Basti



Mutrashmari

Purvarupa:4

Sign and symptoms which gives indication of future disease is called as Purvarupas, As per Acharya Sushruta Purvarupa of *Mutrashmari*

- 1. Bastipida
- 2. Aruchi
- 3. Mutrakruccha
- 4. Bastisirovedana
- 5. Mutrad bastigandhatwa
- 6. Jwara
- 7. Arochaka

Rupa: 5

Sign and symptoms when fully Cleary seen then its called as *Rupa*. In this stage sign and symptoms fully manifested and shows specific characteristic of specific *Doshas*. As per *acharya Sushruta Rupa* that is sign and symptoms of *Mutrashmari* are as follows,

- 1. Nabhi , Basti, Sevani, Medra padesha Vedana that is reoffered pain toward Umbilical, bladder etc.
 - 2. *Mutradharasang* that is Obstruction in flow of urine
 - 3. Sarudhiramutrata that is blood stained urine
 - 4. Sasiktam
 - 5. Vedana during Dhavan (Running), Plavan(swimming), adwgaman (walking)
 - 6. Mutravikirana

Types of *Mutrashmari* ⁶:

As per *acharya Sushruta* there are 4 types of *Mutrashmari*

- 1. Shleshmaj Ashmari
- 2. Vataj Ashmari
- 3. Pittaj Ashmari
- 4. Shukraj Ashmari

Shleshmaj Ashmari:

As per *Acharya Sushruta* appearance of *Shleshamja Ashmari* as *Shweta varna* that is white in colour, *Snigdha*,

Kukkutand that is like egg, large in size, color of stone is like *Madhuka Pushpa*.

As per *acharya charaka Shleshmika ashmari* is soft in nature. As per acharya Vabhata Shleshmaj *Ashmari* is like *Madhu Varna*.

Pittaj Ashmari:

Pittaj Ashmari is like Sarakta Varna that is blood stained in colored. Its size is like "Bhallakasthi". In Pittaj Ashmari due to obstruction of urine pain occurs its like Ksharapatana.

Vataj ashmari:

Vataj Ashmari is Shava varna, hard, asymmetrical and as like Kadamba Pushpa kantaka yukta that this stone present with spikes.

Sadhyasadhyatwa⁶

Ashta mahagada's are mentioned by our Acharya in Literature. Asha Mahagada's are diseases which are difficult to treat and their prognosis also not good. Ashmari is the disease which mentioned in Ashta Mahagada. If Mutrashmari detected earlier then it can have treated by medicinal treatment but Ashmari with long standing and large in size is difficult to cure and it may require surgical treatment

Chikitsa:7

Aushadhi chikitsa:

As per acharya Sushruta aushadi chikita for Ashmari as follows-

- 1. Shleshmaj Ashmari Varunadi , Ushakadi siddha aushadhi yoga
- 2. Vataj Ashmari Pashanbhedadi, Ushakadi gana siddha Grita
- 3. Pittaj Ashmari- Kushakashadi dravya shiddha Ghrita

As per Bhavaprakash some Aushadhi yoga used in treatment of ashmari chikita are as,

1. Varunadi kwath

- 2. Pashanbhedadi churna
- 3. Varungud
- 4. Kulathadya ghrita
- 5. Shunthyadi kwath

Shastrakarma:

If Mutrashmari not treated or not cured by aushadhi chikitsa then Acharya Sushruta advise Shastrakarma for Asmari chikitsa in Sushta samhita Nidasthan

Modern view

Renal calculus

Renal calculus is most commonest disease of urinary tract

Etiological factors:8

- 1. Hot climate
- 2. Diet- high protein diet, high calcium diet
- 3. Drug induced stone
- 4. Decalcification
- 5. Vitamin A deficiency

Types

- 1. Oxalate calculus
- 2. Urate calculus
- 3. Cystine calculus
- 4. Phosphate calculus

Sign and Symptoms:9

- 1. Renal pain Pain at renal angle sometime referred to costovertebral angle
- 2. Hematuria- blood in the urine.
- 3. Fever with chills
- 4. Frequency of micturition
- 5. Burning sensation during micturition

Diagnosis:

- 1. CBC, Sr. Creatinine, Blood Urea
- 2. X-ray KUB
- 3. USG Abdomen with KUB

Treatment

- 1. Hydrotherapy
- 2. PCNL
- **3.** Extra Corporal Shock Wave Lithotripcy (ESWL)

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